DAILY DEMOCRAT-FORUM

NEWS DISPATCHES FROM THE INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE.

VOLUME 9. MARYVILLE, MISSOURI, TUESDAY, OCT. 15, 1918 NO. 115

WE MUST KEEP ON WITH WAR

TO COMPLETE THE WINNING IS NOW THE BIG JOB OF THE UNITED STATES

HUNS HAVE ANSWER

WILSON MAKES IT PLAIN THAT NO PEACE WILL BE CONSIDERED UNTIL KAISER IS OUSTED

IT MUST BE SURRENDER

ALLIED COMMANDERS IN FIELD WILL DICTATE TERMS WHEN TIME COMES FOR CESSATION OF HOSTILITIES

MAY CAUSE A REVOLUTION

Either That or Unconditional Surrender Is Looked for as a Result of the President's Last Note to the Germans.

Special to The Democrat-Forum.

Washington, Oct. 15.—The big task concerning the United States now is to complete winning the war. That was officially Washington admonition today. The nervousness of yesterday while the nation waited for President Wilson to speak, has disappeared and the war will go on. On that point officials were positive. There might be international upheavals in Germany that later would change the situation, but for the present at least, the military party is in control there.

Washington, Oct. 15.—President Wilson has answered Germany's peace proposal with a decision which not only fulfills the expectations of supporters of his diplomacy but also dispels the fears of those who predicted he would substitute victories at arms with defeats at diplomacy.

No peace with kaiserism, autocracy must go; no armistice can even be thought of while Germany continues her atrocities on land and sea; one cannot be considered unless it fully is dictated by the Allied commanders in the field in such terms as absolutely provide safeguards and guarantees that Germany's part will not be a scrap of paper. This in a few words is the President's answer.

The Answer to Germany.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The text of President Wilson's reply to Germany's last note is as follows:

"Sir:

"In reply to the communication of the German government dated the 12th instant which you handed me today, I have the honor to request you to transmit the following answer:

"The unqualified acceptance by the present German government and by a large majority of the reichstag of the terms laid down by the president of the United States of America in his address to the congress of the United States on the eighth of January, 1918, and in his subsequent addresses, justifies the president in making a frank and direct statement of his decision with regard to the communications of the German government of the 8th and 12th of October, 1918.

"It must be clearly understood that the process of evacuation and the conditions of an armistice are matters which must be left to the judgment and advice of the military advisers of the

(Continued on page 4.)

TURNER & DUNKELMANN
Successors to
The Becker Cleaning Co.
Ladies' and Gents' Tailoring
—Remodeling—
CLEANING AND PRESSING.
209 North Main.

Failure of Fourth Liberty Loan May Mean Defeat, Says President Wilson

Washington, Oct. 15.—President Wilson yesterday issued this statement on the Fourth Liberty Loan:

"The reply of the German government to my note of inquiry dated October 8 gives occasion for me to say to my fellow countrymen that neither that reply nor any other recent event has in any way diminished the vital importance of the Liberty Loan. Relaxation now, hesitation now, would mean defeat when victory seems to be in sight; would mean years of war, instead of peace upon our own terms.

"I earnestly request every patriotic American to leave to the governments of the United States and of the Allies the momentous discussions initiated by Germany, and to remember that for each man his duty is to strengthen the hands of these governments, and to do it in the most important way now immediately presented—by subscribing to the utmost of his ability for bonds of the Fourth Liberty Loan. That loan must be successful. I am sure that the American people will not fail to see their duty and make it successful."

RULES MORE RIGID

GENERAL FOOD ORDER COVERS SERVICE IN PUBLIC PLACES

EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 21

Bread, Sugar and Meat Regulations Very Strict.—Elaborate Luncheons Will Be Under the Ban.

Fred P. Robinson, federal food administrator for Nodaway county has received the following general orders regarding food conservation in all public eating places, effective October 21. It is estimated that nearly 9 million persons eat at the hotels, restaurants, boarding houses, clubs and dining cars of the country, and the food consumption in these places is larger than in the average home. In view of the immense consumption of food in all those places serving the public, the food administration is asking these institutions to undertake in many particulars a more strict program than that of last year.

Neither bread and butter nor sugar may be served, according to these new regulations, unless the guest requests it. When bread and butter is asked for it must not be put upon the table until the first course is served. This is to do away with the pre-war custom of idly consuming bread while waiting for the first course to come. If sugar is requested not more than one teaspoonful may be served to one person.

Portions of meat must be cut to the best advantage and as small as practicable to meet the requirements of patrons. No more than one portion of any kind of meat or poultry may be served at any one meal. Economy in the use of coffee is urged on account of the scarcity of ships.

Service of late suppers and of teas and elaborate luncheons and banquets are discouraged. When late suppers are served, the regulations stipulate all meats should be eliminated, and sea foods, game in season, egg dishes and by-products of meat substituted.

Table d'hote meals are considered wasteful and their service also is discouraged. Simple bills of fare as a means of conservation are recommended for public eating places.

General orders for all public eating places have been issued. Failure to conform to any of these orders will be considered as a wasteful practice forbidden by Section Four of the Food Control Act. It has not been deemed advisable or necessary to license the operation of public eating places, but in cases where the patriotic co-operation of such places cannot be obtained by other means, the food administration will not hesitate to obtain compliance with its orders through its control of the distribution of sugar, flour and other food supplies, it is announced.

The general orders follow:

1. No public eating place shall serve or permit to be served any bread or other bakery product which does not contain at least 20 per cent of wheat

(Continued on next page.)

TO THE PEOPLE OF POLK TOWNSHIP:

Polk Township's quota to the Fourth Liberty Loan is $296,300.00. The territory has been once gone over by the solicitors and the subscriptions are, in round numbers, $115,000.00 short. This money must be raised. There is no alternative. The Government expects this—demands this. This township must not be classed in the slacker's list. As matters now stand it bids fair to be the lowest in percentage of any township in the county.

The undersigned committee spent the entire day Monday in canvassing the subscriptions, looking to those who have not subscribed, as well as to those who have not subscribed in accordance with their means, and after due deliberation have appointed a new soliciting committee consisting of Messrs. W. W. Jones, H. L. Raines and E. W. Keck to call on the people for their new or increased subscription, as the case may be.

The figures this soliciting committee have and will present to you represent the deliberate judgment of every one of the undersigned, and we most earnestly ask the people to strain a point and subscribe in accordance therewith. We believe they are right. We believe they are just and equitable. If subscribed in full they will scarcely get us within the limit.

The time is short and we therefore most earnestly plead with you to take as little of this committee's time as possible, but with this notice in advance be ready to deal with them and deal promptly.

Do not be misled by peace talk. Even though war should end tomorrow the Government has obligated itself for sums equal to, yes, in fact, in excess of this loan and those obligations must be met.

We have faith in the people doing their full duty.

W. C. PIERCE, Chairman
JAMES B. ROBINSON
JOS. JACKSON, Jr.
GEO. R. ELLISON
F. M. TOWNSEND
H. L. HAINES
W. F. PHARES.

NEED $115,000 MORE

FOLK TOWNSHIP IS STILL BEHIND IN LIBERTY LOAN QUOTA

IS A "FIGHTING" LOAN

Executive Committee Names New Soliciting Committee to Make a Second Canvass.

Unless Polk township makes up the shortage of $115,000 of its quota in the Fourth Liberty Loan before the end of the week, it will be the lowest in percentage of any township in the county. Its quota is $296,300 and but $181,000 has been subscribed.

Polk township cannot afford to be last. It must be first.

The Fourth Liberty Loan is truly a "fighting" loan, judged by the aggressiveness of the Americans and their Allies in driving the Germans back from France and Belgium toward their own land. Not only the Americans but the French, the British and even the Belgian troops, distinguished themselves for their aggressive forward movement. The Germans are sustaining enormous losses, the Allies having captured on the Western front 5,518 officers and 248,494 men, 3,669 large guns and 23,000 machine guns from July 15 to the end of September. And they are still going. This is all the more reason for the American people to redouble their energies in financing and provisioning the armies. And all the more reason why the Fourth Liberty Loan should be put over. Let us all pull together to make it as large as possible that there be no slowing down of the great Allied offensive. There'll be no let-up by our soldiers as long as the Germans are on Allied soil—and when we've hurled them back to their own border we will pursue them to the gates of Berlin.

The time is short in which to secure the $115,000 needed to put Polk township over the top and the new committee composed of W. W. Jones, H. L. Raines and Ed Keck started out this morning confident they would be able to report the amount subscribed when the time is up. It is urged, however, that no one need wait for the committee but can go to any bank or trust company in the city where subscriptions will be received.

A BIG U.S. TRANSPORT SUNK

Goes Down at Dock in Three Minutes. Troops Aboard Ready to Sail Were Removed.—Loss of Life Slight.

An Atlantic Port, Oct. 15.—The United States transport, America, sank where she was docked here this morning in three minutes. Between thirty and thirty-five members of her crew are reported missing, it is reported. Troops were aboard, the vessel being about ready to sail, but they were removed. The vessel's seacocks were opened, according to report.

It is unofficially stated that if there is any loss of life the dead will not exceed three or four persons. The cause of the sinking is unknown.

HARRY PORTER IS DEAD

Son-in-Law of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Smith Dies at Nashville, Tenn. Will Be Brought to Maryville.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Smith received a telegram notifying them of the death of their son-in-law, Harry Porter of Kansas City, who died Monday evening at Nashville, Tenn. Mr. Porter was in government service at Nashville and had been there several months. Mrs. Porter, who is living in Kansas City, received a message Sunday that her husband was critically ill with pneumonia which followed influenza. She left at once for Nashville. Mrs. Porter was Miss Chloe Smith, previous to her marriage and she is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Smith.

The body will be brought to Maryville for burial. The time of arrival is uncertain.

Miss Leet Improved.

Mrs. Horace Leet received word last night that her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Leet, a student at Lindenwood College, St. Charles, Mo., who is very ill with pneumonia, was improving. Mr. Leet went to St. Charles Sunday and will remain until his daughter is able to be brought to Maryville.

Miss Beulah Brunner and Miss Mildred Miller left this morning for Sumner, Mo., to spend the remainder of the week visiting Miss Miller's mother, Mrs. Fred Miller.

HUN RATIONS SLIM

BERLIN NEWSPAPER SARCASTIC OVER FOOD CONDITIONS

BEEN CUT TWO-THIRDS

People Have Fattened Themselves on Hope, Either Boiled or Baked.—Food Cards Not a Success.

The total quantity of foodstuffs which is rationed officially to the people of Germany is too much to die on and to little to live on, according to a recent article in the Berlin Tageblatt. The article, which is entitled "The Starveling's Belt; the Pause Before the Harvest," is signed by Erich Dombrowski and is a vivid and sarcastic picture of the "tightened belt of the Fatherland." A translation has just been received by the Missouri Division of the food administration.

Once upon a time, the article says, well-situated Germans consumed on an average daily in May, June and July, 1 pint of good coffee with a grain of substitute, ½ pint of milk and a little cream, ¼ pound of butter, 1½ pounds of bread, ¼ pound of sausage, ½ pound of meat, 1 pound of potatoes, ½ pound of vegetables, 2-3 pint of soup, 1 pound of fruit, ½ pound of pastry or cake, ¼ pound of sugar, 2 eggs and 2-3 pint of tea.

"And today?" the writer asks. "Daily we have to bore new holes in our belts, in order that they may fit our ever contracting waists. We would now consume daily in Berlin, if things went in accordance with the rationing, 1 pint of bad substitutes without a grain of coffee, milk (quality unknown), 1-50 pound of butter and margarine, ½ pound of bread, 1-7 pound of sausage (apart from 1-11 pound 'neighing' cold meats), 1-25 pound of meat (together with 50 grams of bones), ½ pound of potatoes, ¼ pound of vegetables, (when one is lucky), 1 pint of soup, 1-8 pound of barley and barley-groats, ¼ pound fruit ('Polish' at 2.10 marks per pound) ¼ pound of pastry (slime and froth), 1-10 pound of sugar, ¼ of an egg, 2-3 pint of German (camomile) tea.

"Naturally one cannot simply add the

(Continued on Page 3.)

1,250 DIE IN FOREST FIRES

Twenty-five Towns in Duluth Region and Territory.—Are Wiped Out.—Former Maryville Family Safe.

Special to The Democrat-Forum.

Duluth, Minn., Oct. 15.—Based on reports from twenty-nine towns, they are partially or entirely wiped out by fire. It is estimated today the death toll is 1,250. Many families have perished in pits and cellars to which they turned for shelter from onrushing destruction. The territory over which the fire has swept is a lifeless waste with crops, stock, houses, barns, all having been destroyed.

Eldon Spoor, a former Maryville resident and a son of Warren Spoor of this city wires that his home town of Cloquet was entirely burned and that he and his family are safe at Superior, Wis., twenty-five miles away.

BEHIND THE LINES

TAKES HALF ALLIED FORCES TO MAINTAIN THOSE AT FRONT

MANY YANKS TRAINING

England, France and United States Have More Men Than Kaiser, But They Also Have More Work.

London, Sept. 21, (by mail).—When the statement is made by those in a position to know that there are only 2,500,000 German soldiers on the western front, of whom only half are infantry, one naturally is inclined to ask: Then why don't the Allies, who surely are twice 2,500,000, lick the Germans straight off?

The answer is: While there are approximately 5,000,000 Allied soldiers in France, there are not more than 2,000,000 available for the front immediately. The other 2,000,000 are engaged in the maintaining of long lines of communication for the British and Americans who must depend upon seaport supply bases.

There are, at the time of writing this article, perhaps not more than 2,000,000 Allied bayonets on the western front, if there are that many. Roughly they might be divided: British, 900,000; French, 850,000; American, 250,000.

There are, perhaps, 2,000,000 British soldiers in France. But great numbers of them must be counted out of the fighting, for they are needed, as stated above, for supply bases and communication lines work. The Americans likewise are handicapped. There are some 500,000 troops engaged in this work.

Of the 3,000,000 Allied soldiers near or on the firing line at least a third are necessary for maintenance of local supply depots, transports, billets, etc.

While Germany has but 2,500,000 men on the western front, it must be remembered that her chief supply depots are in Germany, behind the frontier. And in her central supply bases and "behind-the-lines" work there are at least 1,250,000 German men in uniform employed. But in Germany's case these "home troops" are scarcely fit for the firing line. If they were they'd be there.

At least half of the American forces in France is still undergoing training.

Thus, while the Allies are superior in man-power in France, they are so placed, because of the necessity of the maintaining ports of supply, that the full weight of numbers cannot be thrown against the Germans. And the enemy, on the defensive, is still able to put up heavy resistance where he chooses, fewer men being needed for a defensive operation than offensive.

"BILL" VAN CLEVE VERY ILL.

Son of W. C. Van Cleve in Serious Condition at State University.

Mrs. W. C. Van Cleve went to Columbia last night in response to a message stating that her son, William T. Van Cleve, in training with the Student Army Training Corps at the Missouri University, was dangerously ill with pneumonia.

A message received from Mrs. Van Cleve about noon today said the young man was slightly improved, but not out of danger.

Horace Leet Home.

Horace Leet returned this morning from St. Charles, Mo., where he was summoned by the illness of his daughter, Elizabeth, who is now improving.

If you want coal, call Glover & Alexander. 14-19

HIT HUNS OVER 100 MILE LINE

UNDER TERRIFIC BLOWS IN FOUR SECTORS GERMANS ARE REELING BACK IN CONFUSION

LILLE UNDER FIRE

GREAT GERMAN BASE IN NORTHERN FRANCE IS BEING POCKETED BY THE ALLIES

BAG 8,000 PRISONERS

ON FLANDERS FRONT BRITISH ADVANCED FOUR MILES AND FRANCO-BELGIANS FIVE MILES YESTERDAY

BRITISH NEARING COURTRAI

Within Two Miles of German Stronghold.—Americans Are Fighting Their Way Forward in Argonne Forest Sector.

London, Oct. 15.—Under the impetus of terrific blows on four sectors of the western battle line the Germans are reeling back over a front of more than 100 miles. The attack in Flanders was a brilliant success with the British now within two miles of the great German base at Courtrai. Lille, the great Hun base and an important communication line, is under shell fire. The British and Belgians are on the outskirts of Menin.

There is a temporary pause in the big scale of British operations on the Cambrai front. The Lille-Douai line is being outflanked on both the north and south.

London, Oct. 15.—Lille, the great German base and the bastion upon which the northern end of the two German defensive lines rest is being pocketed by the Allied advance on the Flanders front and its capture is but a matter of a short time.

The British army that attacked with the Belgians and French on the Flanders front yesterday advanced over four miles while the Franco-Belgian army advanced nearly five miles, it is officially announced today. The Allies are within four miles of the German stronghold of Beegiane-Courtrai. 8,000 prisoners have been taken.

With the Americans Northwest of Verdun, Oct. 15.—The Americans on the Argonne forest-Meuse river front are still fighting their way forward today. The enemy is directing a harassing fire in the sector at Zeaumont, Wavrille and Bois de Caures.

SPEED UP DESTROYER PROGRAM.

Special to The Democrat-Forum.

Washington, Oct. 15.—Anticipating Germany's intention to renew her submarine activities on an even greater scale than heretofore steps are being taken to speed up America's destroyer program.

Asks Kaiser to Abdicate.

Zurich, Oct. 15.—The first public demand for the abdication of the Kaiser and the crown prince has just been made at the German socialist convention at Munich, advices from Bavaria said. Every speaker called upon asked the Hohenzollerns to abdicate.

The Ohio Sunk in Collision.

London, Oct. 15.—The Ohio has been sunk in a collision in the English Channel. The crew was saved. A cable gram failed to state whether the Ohio was the American battleship of that name or a steamer.

THE WEATHER

Fair and cooler tonight and Wednesday.

The Democrat-Forum

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY

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Change of Address.

In requesting the change of address of your paper, be sure to give old address as well as the new.

PLEASURE, FOOD AND GAS MASKS.

This is a big year for the small boy who goes a-nutting. A few short years ago he shouldered his basket or sack and started for the forest with no other purpose in mind than pleasure.

Then came the war and the cry to save food, so the small boy went to the forest resolved to bring home all the nuts he could for the sake of the food they contained.

But now a need, more directly concerned with life saving than the meat from the nuts confronts the small boys and girls of America. That need is carbon for the gas masks of our soldiers who face the deadly gas attacks of the enemy.

The shells of hickory nuts, walnuts and butternuts which grow so plentifully in many parts of the United States make a very high quality carbon for gas masks, according to the government chemists who have been searching for the very best material to protect our soldiers at the front. NO OTHER NUTS WILL DO, excepting Brazil nuts, which are imported.

Seven pounds of shells will produce carbon enough for one mask. If your children live near a wood, let them have at least one soldier's mask to their credit.

Each year many bushels of nuts go to waste in the woods for lack of some one to gather them. This year when walnuts, hickory nuts and butternuts may serve a double patriotic purpose, none should be left on the ground or trees, as long as there are children to gather them. Whole nuts can be sent in, but it is better to take out the meats, in order that valuable food may not be wasted.

The pits from peaches, apricots, prunes, olives, dates, cherries and plums and the shells of Brazil nuts, walnuts and butternuts are the materials which the government chemists wish to use. Do not try to substitute other material which you think would be just as good.

The Red Cross is the only agency which will ship your collection to headquarters. Take your gleanings to them.

JOHN VAN HOUTEN WOUNDED.

Parents at Parnell Receive Word Saturday of Son's Injuries.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Van Houten of Parnell received word Saturday that their son, John Van Houten, had been seriously wounded in action in France.

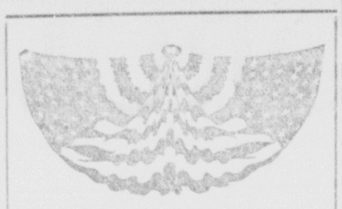
Young Van Houten has been in service abroad since April.

Visiting in Kansas City.

Mrs. N. Sturm and her daughter, Mrs. Cleav Funk and small son, Billy, are visiting in Kansas City with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Flynn. They have been on a motor trip to Oklahoma City with Mr. Sturm and Mr. Funk, who came on to Maryville yesterday.

Called to Omaha.

Mrs. Henry Stapler left this morning for Omaha to visit her sister, Mrs. John Awalt and family, who are suffering with influenza. Mr. and Mrs. Awalt and three younger children are all ill and one daughter, Lela Margaret, has developed pneumonia and is in a serious condition.



NEAR SCENE OF EXPLOSIONS

Former Bee Hive Employee, Now at Eastern Camp Writes.

John A. Goeke, formerly repair man with the Bee Hive Shoe Store, writes to W. A. Miller from Camp Vincent, Metuchen, N. J., where he is stationed with Headquarters Detachment, telling about the explosions at the Gillispie munitions plant on October 4, Goeke says:

"The Gillispie plant is about seven miles from here and when the explosions started about seven in the evening of October 4, there was plenty of excitement. I was at the Y. M. C. A. building at the time of the first explosion and it sounded and felt as if a heavy truck had run into the side of the building. It didn't take long for the entire crowd to get outside. There were no more explosions for about twenty minutes, then it started again and for half an hour it was one continuous roar. We learned later that it was a bunch of big shells. At 2:15 there was an explosion that gave us an awful shaking. With morning one of our companies was sent for to do guard duty. All companies were ordered out of barracks when it looked as if the fire would reach the big tank of T. N. T., but the wind changed and the camp was saved. Most of us were anxious to get out of camp, but there was no chance unless we happened to be in a guard company. You can imagine how we felt knowing that thousands of people over there needed help and we could not get out to help them. Late Saturday afternoon about 200 tents were taken over so that the people in the destroyed sections might have a little shelter.

Army life agrees with me and I am getting heavier all the time. I am in the band and we have a fine organization. We get out at 5:30 and wake the fellows up with music. We went to New Brunswick Tuesday evening to play for a Liberty Loan parade. The Nixon chemical company sent a bunch of trucks to take part and each truck carried a lot of burning chemicals making colored flames going high and lighting up the streets for blocks. It has been a long time since I heard from Maryville and would enjoy hearing real soon.

FROM BUGLER JAMES MEEK

Writes Home Folks From France.—Is Doing Fine and Gaining.

France, Sept. 9.

Dear Brother and Sister: Received yesterday the letter you wrote August 6. We have been having lots of rain lately and it has been rather cool of nights. It must have been hot back there. I should think 110 above would cook everything to the ground. It was too bad the dry weather caught the corn. The small grain looks pretty good here. Don't see any corn. They thresh around here with some kind of a flail which looks like a fan-mill. They cut most of their grain with a cradle. We are having lots of beans, bacon and beef, good muscle food. I am getting larger all the time. Imagine I weigh about 175 pounds. Am feeling fine. Just received a bunch of Democrat-Forums. They are all old, published some time in July. Timber is plentiful here, the forests are so thick you can hardly see in them. * * I always wanted to be on the go but I will be satisfied when I get back. We travel all ways here, on train, trucks or "shanks ponies." They have lots of narrow gauge roads here. I heard from Charles Hosher the other day. He was well. * * Write as often as you can write and a long letter. As ever, your brother,

BUGLER JAMES E. MEEK,
Co. B, 356 Inf., A. E. F., France.

FORMER BEDISON BOY DEAD.

Funeral Services for James Adams at Aurora This Afternoon.

James M. McGinness of Bedison left yesterday afternoon for Aurora, Mo., where he was called by the death of his grandson, James Adams, who died Saturday evening at Kansas City.

Young Adams died with pneumonia following an attack of influenza. He was 20 years old and the son of Dr. and Mrs. D. E. Adams, former residents of Bedison and a nephew of Mrs. Claude Moore, living southeast of the city.

The funeral services were held this afternoon.

To Winter in New Mexico.

Mrs. Carl Murray, accompanied by her daughter, Bessie Maude, will leave Thursday morning for Roswell, N. M., where she will spend the winter months.

T. J. PARLE GOES TO SHENANDOAH

Former Maryville Druggist Now Pharmacist with Gauss & Simons.

T. J. Parle, who recently came to Shenandoah to accept a position as pharmacist at the Gauss & Simons drug store, is not sorry he decided to locate in Shenandoah. Although he came here from a good town, Maryville Mo., Mr. Parle thinks he has struck a town that for all around living requirements is the equal of any in the country. And he is from Missouri, you know. Mr. Parle is an old time druggist, and as a prescription pharmacist is thoroughly competent. His jovial disposition and friendly nature are winning him friends just as rapidly as he makes the acquaintance of our people. A man of family, on account of the fact that he has not yet found a purchaser for his home in Maryville and does not care to rent his property, the other members will not move to Shenandoah for a time. But Mr. Parle likes the town so well and finds his employees and associates so congenial that no doubt it will not be long before he is permanently located here.—Shenandoah World.

Clearmont News

John Hall of Mound City, visited his brother, Charles and his aunt, Mrs. Gool Griffey last week.

Mrs. Faughman and daughter, Mina, who have been working at the Mineral Springs at Burlington Junction, returned home Friday.

Ben Ingels, who has been working for Chas. Walker near Burlington Junction, moved Friday in the Hattie Loughlin house.

C. W. M Cullough received a telegram Friday that his brother, who was stationed at Camp Funston had died of pneumonia. His body will be shipped back and buried at College Springs.

Mrs. Cornelia Matlock of Fillmore, came up Wednesday to visit her son, G. E. Matlock, but returned Friday, having received a telegram that her niece had died of influenza. Mr. Matlock accompanied her as far as Maitland.

Harry Mann, who has been working at the Caldwell garage, has moved to Shenandoah.

Mrs. J. S. Caldwell, who had been at the Ensworth hospital, St. Joseph, for the past ten days, returned home Saturday.

Chas. Turpen has moved the house that he purchased of W. W. Linebaugh to his lots in the north part of town.

Jesse Colter, who is stationed at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station, came home Saturday on a ten-day furlough.

Liberty Day was observed in Clearmont. At two o'clock a parade headed by Uncle Sam and composed of school children dressed as Red Cross nurses, Red Cross Workers and the "hoe brigade" marched through Main street and stopping at the band stand, sang patriotic songs. The crowd then gathered at the Methodist church where a patriotic appeal was made to the people to buy Liberty Bonds by Rev. Miller of Maryville, and arrangements were made for a meeting to be held Tuesday night by the districts that failed to reach their quota, to devise some plan whereby the encessary amount could be subscribed.

THE JUNIOR RED CROSS.

Teachers Will Discuss Program at Annual Meeting Oct. 24-26.

The Junior Red Cross is to receive due attention on the teachers' program at the annual meeting of the association, Oct. 24-26.

The plan being to encourage local groups of teachers to study and discuss their immediate problems in this work and to co-operate for their solution.

Good work which has been done by any organization will be gladly received for exhibitory purposes.

The work in various places is being directed largely by the local chapters.

Miss Beulah Brunner of the Normal is chairman of the School Chapter of Nodaway county.

Takes Exam. for Aviation.

Harry Holmes, son of Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Holmes went to St. Louis this morning to report for examination in the aviation service, having been called by wire to appear on Wednesday morning before the examining board.

JENSEN BUILDING, North Market Street

We are now ready for business in our new store across the street from our former location.

We have one of the most modern buildings for the handling of farm produce in the State of Missouri, almost 4,000 square feet of floor space, divided in separate departments—cream room, egg room, hide room, and a raw fur room occupying an entire floor.

We think that we can now offer to the trade exceptional advantage for the handling of cream, poultry, eggs, hides and furs.

Yours for business,

CHAS. A. JENSEN, The Market St. Market.

Soldiers' Cards

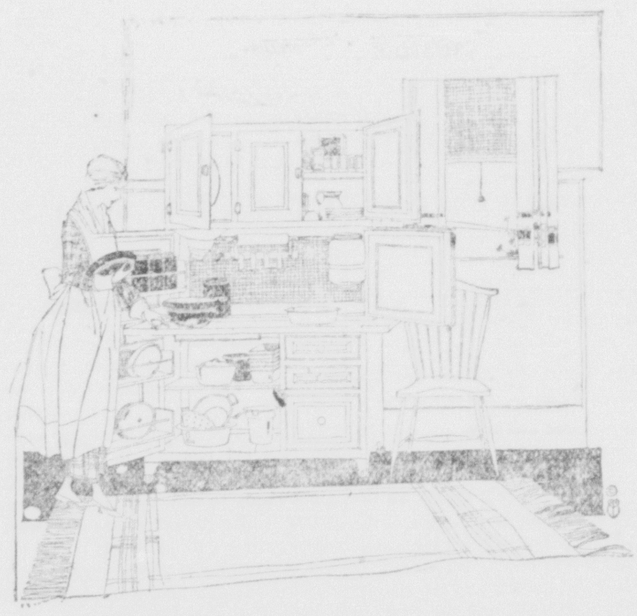
Send the soldier boy these cheerful messages of thoughtfulness.

We have a very pretty line of greeting cards for soldiers, and nothing could be more acceptable to them, between letters. We are also showing some of the better grades in many styles of correspondence papers.

Make your letters distinctive by using this exclusively high grade stationery.

Holmes Jewelry Co.

109 West Third Street.



The Things That Solve the Kitchen Problem

There are two pieces of furniture in our stock that will do more to lighten the labor of the kitchen, save time and save food than anything you could have in your home.

One of these is a Kitchen Cabinet. The value of this economical convenience is too well known for us to enlarge upon, and our cabinet stock is complete with many styles to suit you both in construction and price.

The IDEAL Fireless Cookstove

is the other utensil, and the saving it will make you is one that is real—not imaginary. Food prepared by the fireless method is superior in taste, does not shrink in cooking and the fuel saving amounts to many times the cost of the cooker in the course of the year.

Let us show you these work and money-saving articles and you can judge for yourself whether it will pay you to have either or both of them.

Maryville Furniture Company

J. E. BAILEY, Mgr.

Undertaking Embalming

Mr. Happy Party wants to know if you have got any thanksgiving in your system. If you have, "Hap" says let it out of you and tell the world about it. If you haven't he advises you to buy your Thanksgiving bird here. Have it properly cooked and then you'll give thanks that you read this ad.

Watch for Mr. Happy Party.

REIMER'S MARKET
410 NORTH MAIN ST.

Spanish Influenza--What It Is And How It Should Be Treated

Nothing New—Simply the Old Grip, or La Grippe That Was Epidemic in 1889-90, Only Then It Came From Russia by Way of France and This Time by Way of Spain.

Go to Bed and Stay Quiet—Take a Laxative—Eat Plenty of Nourishing Food—Keep Up Your Strength—Nature Is the "Cure."

ALWAYS CALL A DOCTOR.

NO OCCASION FOR PANIC.

Spanish influenza, which appeared in Spain in May, has all the appearance of grip or la grippe, which has swept over the world in numerous epidemics as far back as history runs. Hippocrates refers to an epidemic in 412 B. C. which is regarded by many to have been influenza. Every century has had its attacks. Beginning with 1831, this country has had five epidemics, the last in 1889-90.

There is no occasion for panic—influenza itself has a very low percentage of fatalities—not over one death out of every four hundred cases, according to the N. C. Board of Health. The chief danger lies in complications arising, attacking principally, patients in a run down condition—those who don't go to bed soon enough, or those who get up too early.

THE SYMPTOMS.

Grippe, or influenza as it is now called, usually begins with a chill followed by aching, feverishness and sometimes nausea and dizziness, and a general feeling of weakness and depression. The temperature is from 100 to 104, and the fever usually lasts from three to five days. The germs attack the muceous membrane, or lining of the air passages—nose, throat and bronchial tubes—there is usually a hard cough, especially bad at night, often time a sore throat or tonsilitis, and frequently all the appearances of a severe head cold.

THE TREATMENT.

Go to bed at the first symptoms, not only for your own sake but to avoid spreading the disease to others—take a purgative, eat plenty of nourishing food, remain perfectly quiet and don't worry. Quinine, aspirin or Dover's Powder, etc., may be administered by the physician's directions to relieve the aching. But there is no cure or specific for influenza — the disease must run its course, but Nature will throw off the attack if you only keep up your strength. The chief danger lies in the complications which may arise. Influenza so weakens the bodily resistance that there is danger of pneumonia or bronchitis developing, and sometimes inflammation of the middle ear, or heart affections. For these reasons, it is very important that the patient remain in bed until his strength returns—stay in bed at least two days or more after the fever has left you, or if you are over 50 or not strong, stay in bed four days or more, according to the severity of the attack.

EXTERNAL APPLICATIONS.

In order to stimulate the lining of the air passages to throw off the grip germs, to aid in loosening the phlegm and keeping the air passages open, thus making the breathing easier, Vick's VapoRub will be found effective. Hot, wet towels should be applied over the throat, chest and back between the shoulder blades to open the pores. Then VapoRub should be rubbed in over the parts until the skin is red, spread on thickly and covered with two thicknesses of hot flannel cloths. Leave the clothing loose around the neck as the heat of the body liberates the ingredients in the form of vapors. These vapors inhaled with each breath, carry the medication directly to the parts affected. At the same time, VapoRub is absorbed thru and stimulates the skin, attracting the blood to the surface, and thus aids in relieving the congestion within.

HOW TO AVOID THE DISEASE.

Evidence seems to prove that this is a germ disease, spread principally by human contact, chiefly thru coughing, sneezing or spitting. So avoid persons having colds — which means avoiding crowds—common drinking cups, roller towels, etc. Keep up your bodily strength by plenty of exercise in the open air, and good food. Above all, keep free from colds, as colds irritate the lining of the air passages and render them much better breeding places for the germs.

Use Vick's VapoRub at the very first sign of a cold. For a head cold melt a little VapoRub in a spoon and inhale the vapors, or better still, use VapoRub in a benzoin steam kettle. If this is not available, use an ordinary tea-kettle. Fill half full of boiling water, put in half a teaspoon of VapoRub from time to time—keep the kettle just slowly boiling and inhale the steam arising.

NOTE.—Vick's VapoRub is the discovery of a North Carolina druggist, who found how to combine, in salve form, Menthol and Camphor with such volatile oils as Eucalyptus, Thymol, cubebs, etc., so that when the salve is applied to the body heat these ingredients are liberated in the form of vapors.

VapoRub is comparatively new in New York State and New England and a few Western states where it is just now being introduced, but in the other sections of the country it is the standard home remedy in over a million homes for all forms of cold troubles. Over six million jars were sold last year. It is particularly recommended for children's croup or colds, since it is externally applied and therefore can be used as freely as desired without the slightest harmful effects. VapoRub can be had in three sizes at all druggists. Adv.

RULES MORE RIGID

(Continued from page 1.)

flour substitutes, nor shall it serve or permit to be served more than 2 ounces of this bread, known as Victory Bread, or if no Victory Bread is served, more than 4 ounces of other breads (such as corn bread, muffins, Boston Brown bread, etc.) Sandwiches or bread served at boarding camps, and rye bread containing 50 per cent or more of pure rye flour, are excepted.

2. No public eating place shall serve or permit to be served bread or toast as a garniture or under meat.

3. No public eating place shall allow any bread to be brought to the table until after the first course is served.

4. No public eating place shall serve or permit to be served to one person at any one meal more than one kind of meat. For the purpose of this rule meat shall be considered as including beef, mutton, pork, poultry and any by-products thereof.

5. No public eating place shall serve or permit to be served any bacon as a garniture.

6. No public eating place shall serve or permit to be served to any one person at any one meal more than one-half ounce of butter.

7. No public eating place shall serve or permit to be served to any one person at any one meal more than one-half ounce of Cheddar, commonly called American, cheese.

8. No public eating place shall use or permit the use of the sugar bowl on the table or lunch counter. Nor shall any public eating place serve sugar or permit it to be served unless the guest so requests and in no event shall the amount served to any one person at any one meal exceed one teaspoonful or its equivalent.

9. No public eating place shall use or permit the use of an amount of sugar in excess of two pounds for every ninety meals served, including all uses of sugar on the table and in cooking, excepting sugar as may be allotted by the Federal Food Administrators to hotels holding a baking license. No sugar allotted for this special baking purpose shall be used for any other purpose.

10. No public eating place shall burn any food or permit any food to be burned and all waste shall be saved to feed animals or reduced to obtain fat.

11. No public eating place shall display or permit to be displayed food on its premises in any such manner as may cause its deterioration so that it cannot be used for human consumption.

12. No public eating place shall serve or permit to be served what is known as double cream or cream de luxe; and in any event, no cream containing more than 20 per cent of butter fat shall be served.

The box supper announced to be held at Prairie View school Friday night, October 18, has been postponed indefinitely.

Old papers for sale at this office.

SOCIETY and CLUBLAND

By KATE SCHENCK

PHONES—OFFICE 42. HOME 683

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Wolfers Entertain Friday Evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Wolfers entertained Friday evening at their home in Pickering, complimentary to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wolfers of Hopkins. Mr. Robert Wolfers has been in the naval training service and is now spending a furlough at home awaiting a call to further service. He and his wife are visiting Mr. Wolfers' parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Wolfers at present. At the party Friday evening all the decorations and appointments were carried out in the national colors. Baskets of red, white and blue flowers centered the tables. Progressive games were played, the high score favors going to Mrs. E. C. Wolfers and C. E. Donlin. A two course luncheon was served after the games. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wolfers, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Wolfers, Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Wolfers, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Donlin, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Wolfers, Jr., and Miss Mildred Wolfers, all of Hopkins, Mrs. Robert Wolfers of New York, who is the guest of the E. C. Wolfers, Mrs. Anna Wehrman and daughter, Margaret Anne, of St. Joseph, who are guests of the C. E. Donlins, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wolfers of Maryville, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Corken of Burlington Junction, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wolfers and Miss Mary Wolfers of Pickering.

Knits Silk Topped Socks for General Pershing.

General Pershing will wear silk-topped socks when he marches into Berlin, if the efforts of Mrs. George Thatcher Guernsey, president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution are rewarded by the consent of the national government in letting her send the socks she is making direct to the general for that big day. Mrs. Guernsey is making four pairs of socks, one to be sent to each of the Allied generals for their triumphal entry into the German capitol. The socks are of fine white wool, with wide silk tops of white. Pershing, Petain, Foch and Haig are to be given these socks knitted by the head of the greatest patriotic organization of women in the world. Mrs. Guernsey was knitting the socks while attending the Indiana state convention at Evansville, where she was the guest of the local chapter. Miss Juanita Floyd, teacher of French at the Normal, is a member of the Evansville chapter.

Mr. and Mrs. Bagley Entertain Guests.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Bagley, living northwest of the city, gave a dinner party Sunday noon, entertaining a party of friends. They were assisted by their daughter, Evie. Their guests were Mr .and Mrs. Henry Horn and daughters, Nora and Flora, Mrs. Eck Horn and Mr. Clark of Elmo, Mr. and and John Anderson and daughter, Miss Anna, of Forest City, Mr. and Mrs. John Palmer of Oregon, Mo., Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Bagley, Mr. and Mrs. John Martin and daughters, May and Florine and sons, Earl and John, of Guilford.

Mrs. Wallis Gives Luncheon.

Mrs. William M. Wallis gave a twelve o'clock luncheon today entertaining a few friends for the pleasure of Mrs. F. M. Petty of Cleveland, Ohio, who has been spending the summer visiting relatives and friends in Missouri. Those entertained were Mrs. Petty, Mrs. C. D. Hooker, Mrs. Margaret Pierce, Mrs. Fred Kurtz, Mrs. James A. Ford and Mrs. C. Emerson Miller.

Lyons Give Dinner Party.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Lyons, living southwest of the city, gave a dinner Sunday entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Swinford, Miss Irene Swinford and W. H. Swinford of this city.

Announce Birth of Daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Parker of Hazel, S. D., announce the birth of a daughter, Friday, Oct. 11. Mrs. Parker was formerly Miss Mary Halasey, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Halasey, living north of the city.

FURNISHED MILITARY ESCORT.

Detail From Home Guards Attended Houchin Funeral This Morning.

The funeral of Roy Houchens, who died at Camp Dodge, Ia., of pneumonia following an attack of influenza, was held this morning from his home west of Braddyville, Ia. A detail of seven men from Company C, Home Guards was named by Capt. Harry D. Snyder to act as military escort to the grave. In the detail were bugler, Albert Kuchs, Fred French, Jos. Cornell, Geo. A. Pickens, Fred J. Yeomans, Cleav Funk and William Steele. The members of the Guards returned at noon.

Directors Meeting Tonight.

The members of the Board of Directors of the Commercial Club will hold their regular weekly meeting and luncheon this evening at 6:30 o'clock at the Linville hotel. It will be a business session with several important matters to be acted upon.

Quality

Don't Mean Just Good Meat

IT MEANS THE BEST WE CAN BUY AND IT MEANS THAT THE MEAT IS KEPT IN THE BEST POSSIBLE MANNER —THOROUGHLY REFRIGERATED AND HANDLED SO THAT IT COMES TO YOU PRIME.

THERE IS ALSO A DISTINCT QUALITY IN OUR SERVICE, WHICH SHOULD COMMEND THIS MARKET TO YOU IN MEAT BUYING.

WE KEEP THE QUALITY UP.

Stapler's

210 North Main.

DIES IN CALIFORNIA

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Townsend Received Word of Death of Grandson at San Bernardino.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Townsend of East Fourth street received a message at noon today telling them of the death of their grandson, Harvey Meecham of San Bernardino, Cal. Mrs. Meecham was formerly Miss Lura Stockton of this city.

No particulars of Mr. Meecham's death have been learned. He was about 32 years old and is survived by his wife and a young son, Monty Byron.

DIES OF WHITE PLAGUE

Mrs. Dade Snyder, Daughter of Mrs. Katherine Gregory of Clearmont, Dies at Colorado Springs.

Mrs. Dade Snyder, formerly Miss Nora Gregory of Clearmont, died last night at a sanatarium in Colorado Springs, Colo.

Two brothers, O. R., and Milton Gregory of Clearmont, left this morning for Colorado Springs to accompany the body to Clearmont where it will be brought for burial.

Mrs. Snyder is the youngest child of Mrs. Katherine Gregory of Clearmont. After her marriage she made her home at Bedford, Ia. She had been a sufferer with tuberculosis for some time and had been in the west for several months hoping to be benefitted. Her sister, Miss Mary Gregory, died about a year ago with the same malady.

Mr. Snyder, who was with his wife, became ill a few days ago with a severe attack of Spanish influenza.

THE ARMY LISTS 995 TODAY

Of Those Named 94 Were Killed in Action and 49 Died of Wounds. 369 Were Wounded Severely.

Special to The Democrat-Forum.

Washington, Oct. 15.—The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American Expeditionary Forces:

Killed in action	94
Missing in action	98
Wounded severely	369
Died of wounds	49
Died of disease	68
Died of accident and other causes	8
Wounded, degree undetermined	272
Wounded severely	87
Total	995

Included in the list are:

John V. Jackson, St. Joseph, wounded severely.

Wm. A. Summers, Huntsville, Mo., wounded, degree undetermined.

Jesse C. Souder, Republic, Mo., killed in action.

Lt. Lee S. Eads, Hamilton, Mo., died of wounds.

Chas. S. Matthews, Centerview, Mo., died of wounds.

Benj. H. Atkins, Fairfield, Iowa, wounded severely.

Harry Miller, Holden, Mo., wounded severely.

Here to Attend Funeral.

Ed Holiday of Grinnell, Kan., arrived in Maryville yesterday to attend the funeral of his father, Thomas Holiday, who died Friday at Battle Mountain, S. D. The body will be brought to Maryville for burial. Mr. Holiday and his brother, J. L. Holiday, of Barnard are at the home of their sister, Mrs. James Middleton.

Save that valuable calf with Blacklegoids. Koch Pharmacy. 14-15

Home From Texas.

Elias Orear returned last night from Texas, where he has been looking after the business at his ranch.

U. S. Food Administration.

De ol' song sez "Dar's Sugar in de Gourd," but Br'er 'Tater 'lows dat de only sugar he's studyin' 'bout now-a-days is what's in de sugar bowl en hit's gwine ter stay dar.

De folks wots doin' de fightin' mus' have sugar fust.

But ef dars enny sweet'nin' in de gourd now'days, he sho' gwine ter git tapped, 'cause dey's lookin' fer syrups en 'lasses en honey to "substitute."

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggists. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Alderman-Yehle Dry Goods Co.

WEST THIRD STREET, MARYVILLE, MO.

Buy Your Footwear for Fall and Winter

HAVE you secured your Footwear for Fall and Winter wear? If you have you are lucky, if not you should get busy at once and make your selections.

Fine shoe leather is scarce as you know; the war demands on the factories make it impossible for them to manufacture the usual output; transportation facilities are tied up so that deliveries are uncertain. So, all in all, the advisable thing for you to do is anticipate your wants—buy your fall and winter shoes now.

We have now in stock some of the season's very best creations in black, brown and gray and prices are moderate.

See the Century Boot, as illustrated. This kid and cloth top combination stands the test of good style and service. And is particularly pleasing to women who seek smart, fine footwear at moderate price.

"Century" Boot of battleship gray kid, cloth top, lace 18-8 Vanity heel with plate, welt sole, Vanity toe with imitation tip, a beautiful fitter, at the pair $9.50

Tobasco Brown in similar type only with light sole, at the pair... $9.00
Other gray and brown boots with dress heels, at the pair $8.50 to $12.00
Black dress boots, at the pair.....$5.00 to $9.50

Painting Means More Now Than Ever Before

This is just the right time of the season to do your painting—renew the buildings, or in fact, anything that needs painting—touch it up. This is not a time for looks, but for protection.

We carry a full line of Harrison's Paint in all colors. Prices reasonable.

Plenty of Oil now. Bring in your cans and have them filled up.

Gaugh & Evans

South Side Druggists.

An Extra Service Boot *for Ladies*

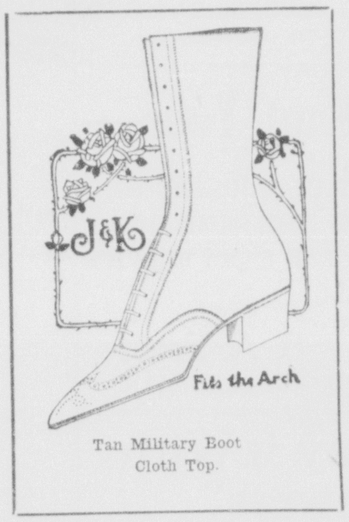
Just received two extra good styles in Ladies' and Girls' Shoes, for street and school wear. Either of these boots will give you excellent service, and they are built for comfort and wear as well as being a very handsome style.

An ideal street or school shoe in black, all leather calf. A low heel military boot, priced at

$8.50

Another number in tan calf military heel, cloth top, price.

$8.50



Tan Military Boot
Cloth Top.

Montgomery Shoe Co

THE FAMILY SHOE STORE

HUN RATIONS SLIM

(Continued from page 1.)

number of ounces together and compare the results without further ado. But still one arrives by this method at least at an approximate comparison between former days and now. Formerly 100 ounces and now 33 ounces. Therefore only one-third of the quantity of food in peace time.

"Last year Doctor Michaelis endeavored to control the production of foodstuffs better by means of the imperial economic card. To no purpose. He only added another bureaucratic link in the endless chain of Decrees, Enactments and Provisions, without attaining even the slightest advantage. On the contrary conditions only became worse. Evidence: the very flimsy menu which is served up to us daily.

"We have sworn peace and friendship (or what one understands by the words when alone) with all sorts of countries and peoples, with Russia, Poland, the Ukraine, Roumania, the Caucasus and Finland. We have entered into commercial treaties and contracts for supplies and continual promises. We have fattened ourselves on hope, either boiled or baked. All delusive conclusions. Already it is beginning to dawn on the housewife that even after a general peace, considering the complete derangement of the economic conditions in all countries, things will not be altered, will not improve much. What therefore remains for her to do but to make a few more holes in her belt and resignedly accept the inevitable."

DRESSMAKER GIVES ADVICE.

"I underwent a surgical operation for gall stones 5 years ago, was in the hospital 4 weeks. For 1 year I felt better, but then my old symptoms and pains returned, and I have suffered ever since. Four weeks ago on the advice of a lady I tried Mayr's Wonderful Remedy, and I now feel like a new woman. I have a number of friends who suffer as I did and I am advising all to try this valuable medicine." It is a simple ,harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucous from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. Maryville Drug Company. Adv.

FRANK DAVID EXPECTED HOME

Sailor Will Arrive Saturday to Visit Sister, Mrs. S. T. Gile.

Frank David of the U. S. Navy, who has been in a New York hospital for the past two weeks, will arrive in Maryville Saturday to visit his sister, Mrs. S. T. Gile.

Mr. David has been in the naval service for the past four years. For some time he has been stationed at Cuba, doing coast duty. He was transferred to New York City a few weeks and contracted Spanish influenza immediately upon arrival. He will come to Maryville to visit his sister and remain until entirely strong again.

Mrs. Gile also received a message yesterday from Washington, telling her that another brother, Roy David, had been wounded in France. Previous to the receipt of the message, Mrs. Gile had heard from her brother who wrote from a hospital in England telling her of his injuries and that he was doing fine and would soon be ready to be returned. Roy has been in active service in France since early last spring.

Returns to Stanberry.

Miss Gladys Allen, a teacher in the schools of Pickering, left last night for her home in Stanberry. The Pickering schools are closed for the present.

New Telephone Operator.

Miss Gladys Carter has been employed in the Mutual telephone exchange, taking the place of Mrs. Harley Jones, formerly Miss Jessie Lyons, whose marriage took place Sunday.

Miss Robinson Home.

Miss Virginia Robinson, who is attending William Woods College at Fulton, Mo., arrived in Maryville Saturday night to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Robinson while the school is under quarantine.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Sturm of Conception are the parents of a baby girl born Sunday.

This is the Stove Polish YOU Should Use

IT'S different from others because more care is taken in the making and the materials used are of higher grade.

Black Silk Stove Polish

Makes a brilliant, silky polish that does not rub off or dust off, and the shine lasts four times as long as ordinary stove polish. Used on sample stoves and sold by hardware and grocery dealers.

All we ask is a trial. Use it on your cook stove, your parlor stove or your gas range. If you don't find it the **best stove polish** you ever used, your dealer is authorized to refund your money. Insist on Black Silk Stove Polish. Made in liquid or paste—one quality.

Black Silk Stove Polish Works
Sterling, Illinois

Use **Black Silk Air-Drying Iron Enamel** on grates, registers, stove-pipes—Prevents rusting. Use **Black Silk Metal Polish** for silver, nickel or brass. It has no equal for use on automobiles.

"A Shine in Every Drop"

OPEN YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT NOW!

Lay the foundation of your fortune by opening a savings account today.

Deposits of one dollar and upward received in our savings department.

Interest Paid Twice a Year

Oldest Bank in the County.

4% INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS

NODAWAY VALLEY BANK

A Bank of Savings. Maryville, Missouri.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

WANTS

THAT BRING RESULTS

RATES IN THIS COLUMN

Classified ads running three days or more will be inserted in this column for one-half cent per word each insertion. No ads taken for less than 25c for three days.

Ads running less than three days or interrupted insertions 1 cent per word each insertion.

Count the words; send money with the order. Ads should be in by twelve o'clock to insure insertion in this column same day.

These prices are for CASH with order. An extra charge of Five Cents will be made on all Want Ads when cash does not accompany the order.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Smooth, improved 40-acre farm, 3 miles south Elmo, 4¾ northwest of Burlington Junction, $160 per acre. Luke E. Bowman, Route 1, Burlington Junction. 10-16.*

FOR SALE—White Leghorn cockerels, $1.00 each, if taken soon. Mrs. Frank Ulmer, Pickering. Tel. 3-18. 12-15*

FOR SALE—Five passenger Ford car, reasonable, good condition. Inquire Sewell Auto Co. 12-15*

FOR SALE—2 Ford cars, good running order; also two fresh milk cows. O. D. Walker, 923 S. Main. 14-16*

FOR SALE—Few more Brown Leghorn cockerels. Mrs. J. R. Evans, Mutual 15-13. 14-16*

FOR SALE—New 1916 Nodaway county history. Inquire Democrat-Forum office. 14-19*

FOR SALE—Car fine Early Ohio potatoes on Wabash track, $1.40 per bu. R. S. Braniger. 14tf

FOR SALE—25 head Duroc Jersey shoats; also 16 months old, full blood Jersey heifer. Phone Farmers 47-14. 14-26*

FOR SALE—Epworth organ, good condition. Inquire L. L. Holbrook, 318 S. Mulberry. 14-19

WANTED

WANTED—Married man for general farm work; wife to board men. O. F. Wilson & Son, Burlington Junction, Mo. 20tf

WANTED—Educated young lady; teacher given preference. Educational work. Opportunity to travel if desired, visiting towns having high schools. Splendid opportunity for advancement with old established house. Address Department B, 704 American Bank Building, Kansas City, Mo.

WANTED—Lady of mature judgment, who has had about six year's experience as typist, bookkeeper and cashier, desires position. Will give good recommendations and references. Address F. B. A., care Democrat-Forum. 12-15

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Rooms furnished for light housekeeping, close in. Mrs. Henry Cook, 221 W. 3rd St. 12-15*

FOR RENT—Good six room house, modern except heat; good cave, smoke house and garage. Well located, close to Normal, 1122 N. Mulberry. Inquire at 612 N. Mulberry. 30tf

FOR RENT—Furnished modern eight room house; three blocks from square. Maryville Drug Co.

FOR RENT—Rooms, all modern and clean, close to Normal. 612 N. Mulberry. 30tf

FOR RENT OR SALE—2½ acres, 7 room house, cave and necessary outbuildings, 1½ acres to rye, 6 blocks from square. See John Hansen. 12-15*

FOR RENT—Front suite of office rooms over Graham-Latimer store. Sisson Loan & Title Co. 10tf.

FOR RENT—2 rooms for light housekeeping. 210 W. 3rd St. 14-16

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—1,000 Western breeding ewes. Henderson & Nelson, Guilford, Mo. 11-17

GOVERNMENT NEEDS 12,000 CLERKS—Missouri examinations November 2. Salary $1,200. Experience unnecessary. Men and women desiring government positions write for free particulars, J. C. Leonard (former Civil Service Examiner), 47 Kenois Building, Washington. 11-16*

WILL have carload potatoes on track in few days. Call J. A. Appleby, Farmers 2-49. 14-16*

SEVEN best farm snaps in the county;240 acres; 420; 280; 160; 130; 80; 40. Our sales amounted to $108,125.00 last week. If you want to buy or sell a farm, see Robey & Anderson, Maryville, Mo. We do business. 14-16*

REWARD for bumper lost off car Sept. 30. Return to L. A. Conde, Barmann's garage. 14-16*

MARKET REPORTS

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Grain Market Future.

Special to The Democrat-Forum.

Kansas City, Oct. 15.—October corn, $1.35; November, $1.31 1-8; December, $1.27 1-8.

Kansas City Live Stock

Kansas City, Oct. 15.—Cattle receipts 20,000; steers, $10@19.50; cows, $6@$10. Hog receipts, 20,000; top, $17.90; bulk, $17.25@17.90.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Cream, per lb	59c
Eggs, per dozen	40c
Spring Chickens, per pound	18c
Hides, per lb.	13c
Hens, per pound	20c
Ducks, per lb	12c
Geese, per lb	10c
Old Roosters, per lb.	12c

STRAYED—From Harve Pope's pasture, dark red heifer branded on left hip, and test tag in left ear. Notify Wm. Eib, Farmers phone 1012, Skidmore. 15*

FOR SALE—Several tons of second cutting of clover hay. Roy Lippman, Hanamo 2L. 15-17

WE MUST KEEP ON WITH WAR

(Continued from page 1.)

government of the United States and the Allied governments and the president feels it his duty to say that no arrangement can be accepted by the government of the United States which does not provide absolutely satisfactory safeguards and guarantees of the maintenance of the present military supremacy of the armies of the United States and the Allies in the field.

"He feels confident that he can safely assume that this will also be the judgment and decision of the Allied governments.

"The president feels that it is also his duty to add that neither the government of the United States nor, he is quite sure, the governments with which the government of the United States is associated as a belligerent, will continue the illegal and inhumane practices which they still persist in.

"At the very time that the German government approaches the government of the United States with proposals of peace its submarines are engaged in sinking passenger ships at sea and not the ships alone, but the very boats in which their passengers and crews seek to make their way to safety; and in their present enforced withdrawal from Flanders and France the German armies are pursuing a course of wanton destruction which has always been regarded as in direct violation of the rules and practices of civilized warfare. Cities and villages, if not destroyed, are being stripped of all they contain not only, but often of their very inhabitants. The nations associated against Germany cannot be expected to agree to a cessation of arms while acts of inhumanity, spoliation and desolation are being continued which they justly loog upon with horror and with burning hearts.

"It is necessary also in order that there may be no possibility of misunderstanding that the president should very solemnly call the attention of the government of Germany to the language and plain intent of one of the terms of peace which the German government has now accepted. It is contained in the address of the president delivered at Mount Vernon on the Fourth of July, last.

"It is as follows:

"'The destruction of every arbitrary power anywhere that can separately, secretly, and of its single choice disturb the peace of the world; or if it cannot be presently destroyed, at least its reduction to virtual impotency.'

"The power which has hitherto controlled the German nation is of the sort here described. It is within the choice of the German nation to alter it. The president's words just quoted naturally constitute a condition precedent to peace, if peace is to come by the action of the German people themselves. The president feels bound to say that the whole process of peace will in his judgment depend upon the definiteness and the satisfactory character of the guarantees which can be given in this fundamental matter. It is indispensable that the governments associated against Germany should know beyond a peradventure with whom they are dealing.

"The president will make a separate reply to the royal and imperial government of Austria-Hungary.

"Accept, sir, the renewed assurances of my high consideration.

(Signed) "ROBERT LANSING,

"Frederick Oederlin.

"Charge d'Affaires, ad Interim, in charge German interests in the United States."

Save that valuable calf with Blacklegoids. Koch Pharmacy. 14-15

UNCLE SAM'S ADVICE ON FLU

U. S. Public Health Service Issues Official Health Bulletin on Influenza.

LATEST WORD ON SUBJECT.

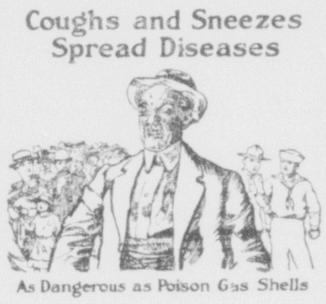
Epidemic Probably Not Spanish In Origin—Germ Still Unknown—People Should Guard Against "Droplet Infection"—Surgeon General Blue Makes Authoritative Statement.

Washington, D. C.—(Special.)—Although King Alfonso of Spain was one of the victims of the influenza epidemic in 1893 and again this summer, Spanish authorities repudiate any claim to influenza as a "Spanish" disease. If the people of this country do not take care the epidemic will become so widespread throughout the United States that soon we shall hear the disease called "American" influenza.

In response to a request for definite information concerning Spanish influenza, Surgeon General Rupert Blue of the U. S. Public Health Service has authorized the following official interview:

What is Spanish Influenza? Is it something new? Does it come from Spain?

"The disease now occurring in this country and called 'Spanish Influenza' resembles a very contagious kind of 'cold,' accompanied by fever, pains



As Dangerous as Poison Gas Shells

in the head, eyes, ears, back or other parts of the body and a feeling of severe sickness. In most of the cases the symptoms disappear after three or four days, the patient then rapidly recovering. Some of the patients, however, develop pneumonia, or inflammation of the ear, or meningitis, and many of these complicated cases die. Whether this so-called 'Spanish' influenza is identical with the epidemics of influenza of earlier years is not yet known.

"Epidemics of influenza have visited this country since 1647. It is interesting to know that this first epidemic was brought here from Valencia, Spain. Since that time there have been numerous epidemics of the disease. In 1889 and 1890 an epidemic of influenza, starting somewhere in the Orient, spread first to Russia and thence over practically the entire civilized world. Three years later there was another flare-up of the disease. Both times the epidemic spread widely over the United States.

"Although the present epidemic is called 'Spanish influenza,' there is no reason to believe that it originated in Spain. Some writers who have studied the question believe that the epidemic came from the Orient, and they call attention to the fact that the Germans mention the disease as occurring along the eastern front in the summer and fall of 1917."

How can "Spanish influenza" be recognized?

"There is as yet no certain way in which a single case of 'Spanish influenza' can be recognized. On the other hand, recognition is easy where there is a group of cases. In contrast to the outbreaks of ordinary coughs and colds, which usually occur in the cold months, epidemics of influenza may occur at any season of the year. Thus the present epidemic raged most intensely in Europe in May, June and July. Moreover, in the case of ordinary colds, the general symptoms (fever, pain, depression) are by no means as severe or as sudden in their onset as they are in influenza. Finally, ordinary colds do not spread through the community so rapidly or so extensively as does influenza.

"In most cases a person taken sick with influenza feels sick rather suddenly. He feels weak, has pains in the eyes, ears, head or back, and may be sore all over. Many patients feel dizzy, some vomit. Most of the patients complain of feeling chilly, and with this comes a fever in which the temperature rises to 100 to 104. In most cases the pulse remains relatively slow.

"In appearance one is struck by the fact that the patient looks sick. His eyes and the inner side of his eyelids may be slightly 'bloodshot,' or 'congested,' as the doctors say. There may be running from the nose, or there may be some cough. These signs of a cold may not be marked; nevertheless the patient looks and feels very sick.

"In addition to the appearance and the symptoms as already described, examination of the patient's blood may aid the physician in recognizing 'Spanish influenza' for it has been found that in this disease the number of white corpuscles shows little or no increase above the normal. It is possible that the laboratory investigations now being made through the National Research Council and the United States Hygienic Laboratory will furnish a more certain way in which individual cases of this disease can be recognized."

What is the course of the disease? Do people die of it?

"Ordinarily, the fever lasts from three to four days and the patient recovers. But while the proportion of deaths in the present epidemic has generally been low, in some places the outbreak has been severe and deaths have been numerous. When death occurs it is usually the result of a complication."

What causes the disease and how is it spread?

"Bacteriologists who have studied influenza epidemics in the past have found in many of the cases a very small rod-shaped germ called, after its discoverer, Pfeiffer's bacillus. In other cases of apparently the same kind of disease there were found pneumococci, the germs of lobar pneumonia. Still others have been caused by streptococci, and by others germs with long names.

"No matter what particular kind of germ causes the epidemic, it is now believed that influenza is always spread from person to person, the germs being carried with the air along with the very small droplets of mucus, expelled by coughing or sneezing, forceful talking, and the like by one who already has the germs of the disease. They may also be carried about in the air in the form of dust coming from dried mucus, from coughing and sneezing, or from careless people who spit on the floor and on the sidewalk. As in most other catching diseases, a person who has only a mild attack of the disease himself may give a very severe attack to others."

What should be done by those who catch the disease?

"It is very important that every person who becomes sick with influenza should go home at once and go to bed. This will help keep away dangerous complications and will, at the same time, keep the patient from scattering the disease far and wide. It is highly desirable that no one be allowed to sleep in the same room with the patient. In fact, no one but the nurse should be allowed in the room.

"If there is cough and sputum or running of the eyes and nose, care should be taken that all such discharges are collected on bits of gauze or rag or paper napkins and burned. If the patient complains of fever and headache, he should be given water to drink, a cold compress to the forehead and a light sponge. Only such medicine should be given as is prescribed by the doctor. It is foolish to ask the druggist to prescribe and may be dangerous to take the so-called 'safe, sure and harmless' remedies advertised by patent medicine manufacturers.

"If the patient is so situated that he can be attended only by some one who must also look after others in the family, it is advisable that such attendant wear a wrapper, apron or gown over the ordinary house clothes while in the sick room and slip this off when leaving to look after the others.

"Nurses and attendants will do well to guard against breathing in dangerous disease germs by wearing a simple fold of gauze or mask while near the patient."

Will a person who has had influenza before catch the disease again?

"It is well known that an attack of measles or scarlet fever or smallpox usually protects a person against another attack of the same disease. This appears not to be true of 'Spanish influenza.' According to newspaper reports the King of Spain suffered an attack of influenza during the epidemic thirty years ago, and was again stricken during the recent outbreak in Spain."

How can one guard against influenza?

"In guarding against disease of all kinds, it is important that the body be kept strong and able to fight off disease germs. This can be done by having a proper proportion of work, play and rest, by keeping the body well clothed, and by eating sufficient wholesome and properly selected food. In connection with diet, it is well to remember that milk is one of the best all-around foods obtainable for adults as well as children. So far as a disease like influenza is concerned, health authorities everywhere recognize the very close relation between its spread and overcrowded homes. While it is not always possible, especially in times like the present, to avoid such overcrowding, people should consider the health danger and make every effort to reduce the home overcrowding to a minimum. The value of fresh air through open windows cannot be over emphasized.

"When crowding is unavoidable, as in street cars, care should be taken to keep the face so turned as not to inhale directly the air breathed out by another person.

"It is especially important to beware of the person who coughs or sneezes without covering his mouth and nose. It also follows that one should keep out of crowds and stuffy places as much as possible, keep homes, offices and workshops well aired, spend some time out of doors each day, walk to work if at all practicable—in short, make every possible effort to breathe as much pure air as possible.

"In all health matters follow the advice of your doctor and obey the regulations of your local and state health officers."

"Cover up each cough and sneeze, if you don't you'll spread disease."

HOW RHEUMATISM BEGINS

The excruciating agonies of rheumatism are usually the result of failure of the kidneys to expel poisons from the system. In a majority of cases rheumatism is an indication that uric acid has pervaded the system. If the irritation of these uric acid crystals is allowed to continue, incurable bladder or kidney disease may result. Attend to it at once. Don't resort to temporary relief. The sick kidneys must be restored to health by the use of some sterling remedy which will prevent a return of the disease.

Get some GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules immediately. They are a standard world-famous medicine in use for over two hundred years. They have brought back the joys of life to countless thousands of sufferers from rheumatism, lame back, lumbago, sciatica, gall stones, gravel and other affections of the kidneys, liver, stomach, bladder and allied organs.

They will attack the poisons at once, clear out the kidneys and urinary tract and the soothing healing oils and herbs will restore the inflamed tissues and organs to normal health.

GOLD MEDAL is the original Haarlem Oil imported direct from the home laboratories in Haarlem, Holland, by the Genuine Haarlem Oil Mfg. Co., Haarlem, Holland, American office, 116 Beekman St., N. Y.

All others are imitations. Ask for GOLD MEDAL and be sure the name GOLD MEDAL is on the box. Three sizes, at all good druggists. Adv.

NEW EMPLOYEE AT FARMERS

P. De A. Duncan of Kansas City Begins Work There Yesterday.

Philip De Armond Duncan of Kansas City came to Maryville yesterday to begin work in the Farmers Trust Company. Mr. Duncan has been employed for some time in one of the Kansas City banks.

He is a brother of James Duncan, state bank examiner.

1812 Stars in Service Flag.

The Sommer-Richardson Candy Factory of the National Biscuit Company at St. Joseph, Mo., is displaying in its window a new service flag with 1812 stars. This represents a contribution, from 15 per cent of the Company's male employees to the fighting forces of Uncle Sam, about a third of the Company's organization consisting of women. More and more of the Company's great manufacturing capacity is being devoted to Government needs. A recent order called for 13,000,000 packages of Hard Bread for Pershing's men. This is said to be the largest single order ever placed for crackers.

Spends Day at Sabetha.

Harvey L. Haines went to Sabetha, Kan., this morning to spend the day with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Haines. They are expecting to leave shortly for southern California to spend the winter.

Mrs. Dilts in Hospital.

Mrs. Paul Dilts, living west of the city, is ill at a hospital in St. Joseph. She underwent an operation a few days ago and is slightly improving at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hanna announce the birth of a son, born at St. Francis hospital. He has been named Curtis William.

Read Democrat-Forum Want Ads.

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EYES EXAMINED FREE

Our expert graduate Optometrist tell you what you need. The service is free at

KUCHS BROTHERS
222 North Main St.

will diagnose your eye troubles and

Ajax and Republic TIRES

GUARANTEED 5000 MILES.

At prices of ordinary standard makes. See us before you buy. Free air.

U. S. COPPER CABLE CO.
East Side Square.

I Want Your—

CREAM, POULTRY and EGGS. THE SAME PRICE AND THE SAME SERVICE TO ALL.

B. A. Frost
THE PRODUCE MAN.

"Say it With Flowers"

Fresh cut Roses $1.50 and $2 per dozen.
Carnations $1.00 per dozen.
Snapdragons 75c per dozen.

The Engelmann Greenhouses
Phones 17 1001 So. Main St.

TO ISSUE NEW HOME CARD

Constructive Food Program Will Be Outlined in Publication.—We Must Cut Down Still More.

A new Home Card covering in general terms the constructive food program and instructions for the home for the coming year has been prepared by the United States Food Administration. The new card is now being printed by the Missouri Division of the Food Administration and will be ready for distribution in the state from October 28 to November 2.

In many respects the conservation program for the coming year is more difficult than that of last. Then there were special "drives" on certain commodities. With meatless days and wheatless days on the program, it was not so hard to follow out instructions. But this year there will be no concentration on any certain food; the people of the United States are being asked to save all along the line, to eat less and waste less, to cut down on everything.

The Home Card is to be part of a national plan of saving all foods that is necessary in order that this country may supply 15 million tons for export to the Allies.

BUT 2 NEW CASES REPORTED

Influenza Patients Here Have the Disease in Mild Form.—Several Cases Reported From Country.

But two new cases of influenza were reported today by Dr. F. M. Ryan, city physician. Both of the cases are mild ones. Dr. Ryan said that in none of the cases under quarantine had any complications developed and that there was no indication that there would be a serious spread of the disease.

Several cases of influenza have been reported in various parts of the county but none have so far proven of a serious nature. There have been no large meetings of any kind since the disease began to show itself, the smaller towns following the lead of Maryville in putting the closing order into effect.

HUNS EVACUATE FINLAND.

Special to The Democrat-Forum.

Washington, Oct. 15.—German troops are evacuating Finland, according to a dispatch received by the French commission from Stockholm this afternoon.

Old papers for sale at this office.

LEAVES PROPERTY TO CHILDREN

Will of James V. Lynch Is Filed for Probate Today.

The will of James V. Lynch whose death occurred on September 27 was filed for probate today. By its terms the property is divided equally among the seven children of the deceased, Leonard, Frank E., Ida O. Brittain, Lucinda E. Wray, Dora B. Hansen, Nora Dever and Jas. L. Lynch. The latter being a minor, his share is left in trust until he becomes of age. The Gillam-Jackson Loan & Trust Co., were named as executors of the will.

Read Democrat-Forum Want Ads.

Eyes Tested Free
Glasses Fitted
WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION
H. L. Raines
JEWELER OPTICIAN
HOW 305? JUST A STEP PAST MAIN
MARYVILLE MO.

We Aim to Make Our
Service, Price and Appreciation
100%
Every Day in the Year.
J. A. Speirs
Dealer in Dairy and Poultry Products

Rags Wanted

We want a quantity of good clean old rags, free from lint and buttons. If you have any for sale, bring them in.

Democrat-Forum

THE SISSON LOAN & TITLE CO.
MARYVILLE, MISSOURI
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
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Kodaks Loaned or Sold
Take a Kodak with You
CARPENTER,
The Man of Kodak Fame
At Bee Hive Shoe Store

Public Sale

Having sold my farm six miles south of Maryville and three miles west of Arkoe, I will sell on

Monday, October 21

at 10 a. m., the following described property:

7 HEAD OF HORSES AND MULES—1 pair coming 3 year old fillies, weight 2800.

HORSES—2 blemished work mules; 1 Shetland pony and colt; 1 10-year-old mare; 1 good cattle pony.

110 HEAD OF CATTLE.

CATTLE—60 spring calves; 20 yearling steers; 15 head yearling heifers; 2 Shorthorn bulls, coming yearlings; 1 Shorthorn bull coming two year old; 5 head extra good milch cows. These are all native cattle and are sure a good bunch.

40 HEAD OF HOGS.

HOGS—5 sows with pigs at side; 35 head stock hogs.

FARMING TOOLS AND IMPLEMENTS.

FARM IMPLEMENTS—1 mowing machine, 1 hay rake, 1 disc harrow, 2 plows, 1 lister and drill, 1 set harness, 1 good saddle, 300 good hedge posts. Also 1917 Ford touring car.

TERMS—Cash on all amounts under $10. Over that amount, six months time on good bankable note bearing 8 per cent interest.

LUNCH by ladies of the Arkoe Red Cross Auxiliary.

R. P. Hosmer, Auct.
S. H. KEMP, Clerk.

Will Ramey